UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI SOPHIA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

Syllabus for S.Y.B.Sc.

Programme: Bachelor of Science

Course: Information Technology

with effect from the academic year 2022 - 2023

	Semester – 3	
Course Code	Course Title	Credits
SBTTEC301	Python Programming	2
SBTTEC302	Data Structures	2
SBTTEC303	Computer Networks	2
SBTTEC304	Database Management Systems	2
SBTTEC305	Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques	2
SBTTECP301	Python Programming Practical	2
SBTTECP302	Data Structures Practical	2
SBTTECP303	Computer Networks Practical	2
SBTTECP304	Database Management Systems Practical	2
SBTTECP305	Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques Practical	2
•		20
	Total Credits	

Course Code	C TILL	
000250 0000	Course Title	Credits
SBTTEC401	Core Java	2
SBTTEC402	Computer Forensics	2
SBTTEC403	Artificial Intelligence	2
SBTTEC404	IT Service Management	2
SBTTEC405	Computer Graphics and Animation	2
SBTTECP401	Core Java Practical	2
SBTTECP402	Computer Forensics Practical	2
SBTTECP403	Artificial Intelligence Practical	2
SBTTECP404	Advanced Mobile Programming Practical	2
SBTTECP405	Computer Graphics and Animation Practical	2
	Total Credits	20

SEMESTER III

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – III
Course Name: Python Programming	Course Code:
	SBTTEC301

Course objectives:

- 1. To learn core python scripting elements such as variables, expressions, condition statements, loop and control statements.
- 2. To learn usage of function and strings in Python.
- 3. To learn the concept of list, tuple, dictionary, exception and file handling.
- 4. To get familiar with the topics of regular expressions, classes and objects, multithreaded programming and modules.
- 5. To learn how to create a GUI application by adding widgets, applying layout management features and connecting the application to a MySQL database.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Install, debug and run a Python program, define variables, use if, if-else, for, while loops.
- 2. Explore python function, math functions, recursion, a string as a sequence, string slices, string operations.
- 3. Explore python lists, tuples, dictionary, file and exception handling
- 4. Explore python regular expressions, object-oriented concepts, classes, objects, inheritance, data encapsulation, multithreaded programming, time, date, random module.
- 5. Explore GUI applications by adding widgets, creating database applications with MySQL.

Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5		
Credits			2	
		Hours	Marks	
Evaluation System	Theory Examination	21/2	75	
	Internal		25	

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Introduction: The Python Programming Language, History, features,	
	Installing Python, Running Python program, Debugging: Syntax	
	Errors, Runtime Errors, Semantic Errors, Experimental Debugging,	
	Formal and Natural Languages, The Difference Between Brackets,	
	Braces, and Parentheses,	
	Variables and Expressions Values and Types, Variables, Variable	12
	Names and Keywords, Type conversion, Operators and Operands,	
	Expressions, Interactive Mode and Script Mode, Order of Operations.	
	Conditional Statements: if, if-else, nested if –else	
	Looping : for, while, nested loops	
	Control statements: Terminating loops, skipping specific conditions	

II	Functions: Function Calls, Type Conversion Functions, Math Functions, Composition, Adding New Functions, Definitions and Uses, Flow of Execution, Parameters and Arguments, Variables and Parameters Are Local, Stack Diagrams, Fruitful Functions and Void Functions, Why Functions? Importing with from, Return Values, Incremental Development, Composition, Boolean Functions, More Recursion, Leap of Faith, Checking Types Strings: A String Is a Sequence, Traversal with a for Loop, String Slices, Strings Are Immutable, Searching, Looping and Counting, String Methods, The in Operator, String Comparison, String Operations.	12
III	Lists: Values and Accessing Elements, Lists are mutable, traversing a List, Deleting elements from List, Built-in List Operators, Concatenation, Repetition, In Operator, Built-in List functions and methods Tuples and Dictionaries: Tuples, Accessing values in Tuples, Tuple Assignment, Tuples as return values, Variable-length argument tuples, Basic tuples operations, Concatenation, Repetition, in Operator, Iteration, Built-in Tuple Functions Creating a Dictionary, Accessing Values in a dictionary, Updating Dictionary, Deleting Elements from Dictionary, Properties of Dictionary keys, Operations in Dictionary, Built-In Dictionary Functions, Built-in Dictionary Methods Files: Text Files, The File Object Attributes, Directories	12
	Exceptions: Built-in Exceptions, Handling Exceptions, Exception with	
IV	Arguments, User-defined Exceptions Regular Expressions – Concept of regular expression, various types of regular expressions, using match function. Classes and Objects: Overview of OOP (Object Oriented Programming), Class Definition, Creating Objects, Instances as Arguments, Instances as return values, Built-in Class Attributes, Inheritance, Method Overriding, Data Encapsulation, Data Hiding Multithreaded Programming: Thread Module, creating a thread, synchronizing threads, multithreaded priority queue Modules: Importing module, Creating and exploring modules, Math module, Random module, Time module	12

V	Creating the GUI Form and Adding Widgets:	
	Widgets: Button, Canvas, Checkbutton, Entry, Frame, Label, Listbox,	
	Menubutton, Menu, Message, Radiobutton, Scale, Scrollbar, text,	
	Toplevel, Spinbox, PanedWindow, LabelFrame, tkMessagebox.	
	Handling Standard attributes and Properties of Widgets.	
	Layout Management: Designing GUI applications with proper Layout	
	Management features.	10
	Look and Feel Customization: Enhancing Look and Feel of GUI using	12
	different appearances of widgets.	
	Storing Data in Our MySQL Database via Our GUI: Connecting to	
	a MySQL database from Python, Configuring the MySQL connection,	
	Designing the Python GUI database, Using the INSERT command,	
	Using the UPDATE command, Using the DELETE command, Storing	
	and retrieving data from MySQL database.	

Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Think Python	Allen Downey	O'Reilly	1st	2012
2.	An Introduction to	Jason	SPD	1st	2014
	Computer Science using	Montojo,Jennifer			
	Python 3	Campbell, Paul Gries			
3.	Python GUI	Burkhard A. Meier	Packt		2015
	Programming Cookbook				
4.	Introduction to Problem	E. Balagurusamy	TMH	1st	2016
	Solving with Python				
5.	Murach's Python	Joel Murach, Michael	SPD	1st	2017
	programming	Urban			
6.	Object-oriented	Michael H.	Pearson	1st	2008
	Programming in Python	Goldwasser, David	Prentice		
		Letscher	Hall		
7.	Exploring Python	Budd	TMH	1st	2016

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – III
Course Name: Data Structures	Course Code: SBTTEC302

Course Objective:

- 1. Allow to assess how the choice of data structures and algorithm design methods impacts the performance of programs
- 2. To provide the knowledge of basic data structures and their implementations.
- 3. To understand the concept of Dynamic memory management, data types, algorithms, asymptotic analysis and notation.

- 4. To understand the importance of data structures in context of writing efficient programs.
- 5. To develop skills to apply appropriate data structures in problem solving.

Course Outcome:

Upon Completing the Course, Students will able to:

- 1. Learn the basic types for data structure, implementation and application.
- 2. Know the strength and weakness of different data structures.
- 3. Use the appropriate data structure in context of solution of given problem.
- 4. Develop programming skills which require for solving given problem.
- 5. Ability to estimate the algorithmic complexity of simple, non-recursive programs.
- 6. Apply Algorithm for solving problems like sorting, searching, insertion and deletion of data
- 7. Understand the hashing techniques and hash functions.

Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System	Theory Examination	21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Introduction: Data and Information, Data Structure, Classification of Data Structures, Primitive Data Types, Abstract Data Types, Data structure vs. File Organization, Operations on Data Structure, Algorithm, Importance of Algorithm Analysis, Complexity of an Algorithm, Asymptotic Analysis and Notations, Big O Notation, Big Omega Notation, Big Theta Notation, Rate of Growth and Big O Notation. Array:Introduction, One Dimensional Array, Memory Representation of One Dimensional Array, Traversing, Insertion, Deletion, Searching, Sorting, Merging of Arrays, Multidimensional Arrays, Memory Representation of Two Dimensional Arrays, General MultiDimensional Arrays, Sparse Arrays, Sparse Matrix, Memory Representation of Special kind of Matrices, Advantages and Limitations of Arrays.	
II	Linked List: Linked List, One-way Linked List, Traversal of Linked List, Searching, Memory Allocation and De-allocation, Insertion in Linked List, Deletion from Linked List, Copying a List into Other List, Merging Two Linked Lists, Splitting a List into Two Lists, Reversing One way linked List, Circular Linked List, Applications of Circular Linked List, Two way Linked List, Traversing a Two way Linked List, Searching in a Two way linked List, Insertion of an element in Two way Linked List, Deleting a node from Two way Linked List, Header Linked List, Applications of the Linked list, Representation of Polynomials, Storage of Sparse Arrays, Implementing other Data Structures.	12

III	Stack: Introduction, Operations on the Stack Memory Representation of Stack, Array Representation of Stack, Applications of Stack, Evaluation of Arithmetic Expression, Matching Parenthesis, infix and postfix operations, Recursion. Queue:Introduction, Queue, Operations on the Queue, Memory Representation of Queue, Array representation of queue, Linked List Representation of Queue, Circular Queue, Some special kinds of queues, Deque, Priority Queue, Application of Priority Queue, Applications of Queues.	12
IV	Sorting and Searching Techniques Bubble, Selection, Insertion, Merge Sort. Searching: Sequential, Binary, Indexed Sequential Searches, Binary Search. Tree:Tree, Binary Tree, Properties of Binary Tree, Memory Representation of Binary Tree, Operations Performed on Binary Tree, Reconstruction of Binary Tree from its Traversals, Huffman Algorithm, Binary Search Tree, Operations on Binary Search Tree, Heap, Memory Representation of Heap, Operation on Heap, Heap Sort. Advanced Tree Structures:Red Black Tree, Operations Performed on Red Black Tree, AVL Tree, Operations performed on AVL Tree, 23 Tree, B-Tree.	12
V	Hashing Techniques Hash function, Address calculation techniques, Common hashing functions Collision resolution, Linear probing, Quadratic, Double hashing, Bucket hashing, Deletion and rehashing Graph:Introduction, Graph, Graph Terminology, Memory Representation of Graph, Adjacency Matrix Representation of Graph, Adjacency List or Linked Representation of Graph, Operations Performed on Graph, Graph Traversal, Applications of the Graph, Reachability, Shortest Path Problems, Spanning Trees.	12

Books a	Books and References:						
Sr.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year		
No.							
1.	A Simplified Approach	Lalit Goyal, Vishal	SPD	1st	2014		
	to Data Structures	Goyal,Pawan Kumar					
2.	An Introduction to Data	Jean – Paul Tremblay	Tata	2 _{nd}	2007		
	Structure with	and Paul Sorenson	MacGraw				
	Applications		Hill				
3.	Data Structure and	Maria Rukadikar	SPD	1st	2017		
	Algorithm						
4.	Schaum's Outlines Data	Seymour Lipschutz	Tata	2 _{nd}	2005		
	structure		McGraw				
			Hill				

5.	Data structure – A	AM Tanenbaum, Y	Prentice	2 _{nd}	2006
	Pseudocode Approach	Langsam and MJ	Hall India		
	with C	Augustein			
6.	Data structure and	Weiss, Mark Allen	Addison	1st	2006
	Algorithm Analysis in C		Wesley		

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – III
Course Name: Computer Networks	Course Code:
	SBTTEC303

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- 1. students will differentiate between topologies, networking devices, OSI and TCP/IP models.
- 2. student will be able to identify and describe various techniques for efficient bandwidth utilization under wired and wireless medium
- 3. students will be able to distinguish between various wireless network models.
- 4. student will be able to analyze the different networking protocols and Ip header formats
- 5. the student will be able to explain the different acknowledging schemes used in case data loss

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. State the functionality of each layer of OSI model when the data is passed from sender to receiver
- 2. compare FDM, TDM and WDM
- 3. explain the working of cellular telephony
- 4. state the reason why ipv6 is more robust than ipv4
- 5. describe the difference in TCP and UDP header formats

Periods per week (1 Period is	5		
Credits	2		
	Hours	Marks	
Evaluation System	21/2	75	
	Internal		25

Unit Details	Lectures
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I	Introduction: Data communications, networks, network types, Internet history, standards and administration.	
	Network Models: Protocol layering, TCP/IP protocol suite, The OSI model.	
	Introduction to Physical layer: Data and signals, periodic analog	12
	signals, digital signals, transmission impairment, data rate limits, performance.	12
	Digital and Analog transmission: Digital-to-digital conversion,	
	analog-to-digital conversion, transmission modes, digital-to-analog	
	conversion, analog-to-analog conversion.	
II	Bandwidth Utilization: Multiplexing and Spectrum Spreading:	10
	Multiplexing, Spread Spectrum Transmission and Sin Cooled Media Handida Media	12
	Transmission media: Guided Media, Unguided Media	
	Switching: Introduction, circuit switched networks, packet switching, structure of a switch.	
	Introduction to the Data Link Layer: Link layer addressing, Data	
	Link Layer Design Issues, Error detection and correction, block coding,	
	cyclic codes, checksum, forward error correction, error correcting	
	codes, error detecting codes.	
III	Data Link Control: DLC services, data link layer protocols, HDLC,	
	Point-to-point protocol.	
	Media Access Control: Random access, controlled access,	
	channelization, Wired LANs – Ethernet Protocol, standard ethernet, fast ethernet, gigabit ethernet, 10 gigabit ethernet,	12
	Wireless LANs: Introduction, IEEE 802.11 project, Bluetooth,	
	WiMAX, Cellular telephony, Satellite networks.	
	Connecting devices and Virtual LANs.	
IV	Introduction to the Network Layer: Network layer services, packet	
	switching, network layer performance, IPv4 addressing, forwarding of	
	IP packets, Internet Protocol, ICMPv4, Mobile IP	
	Unicast Routing: Introduction, routing algorithms, unicast routing	4.6
	protocols. Next generation IP: IPv6 addressing, IPv6 protocol, ICMPv6 protocol,	12
	transition from IPv4 to IPv6.	
V	Introduction to the Transport Layer: Introduction, Transport layer	
•	protocols (Simple protocol, Stop-and-wait protocol, Go-Back-n	12
	protocol, Selective repeat protocol, Bidirectional protocols), Transport	
	layer services, User datagram protocol, Transmission control protocol,	
	Standard Client0Server Protocols: World wide-web and HTTP, FTP,	
	Electronic mail, Telnet, Secured Shell, Domain name system.	

Books an	Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year		
1.	Data Communication	Behrouz A.	Tata McGraw	Fifth	2013		
	and Networking	Forouzan	Hill	Edition			

2.	TCP/IP	Behrouz A.	Tata McGraw	Fourth	2010
	Protocol Suite	Forouzan	Hill	Edition	
3.	Computer Networks	Andrew	Pearson	Fifth	2013
		Tanenbaum			

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – III
Course Name: Database Management Systems	Course Code:
	SBTTEC304

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. The main objective of this course is to enable students to learn the fundamental concepts of database management system and design.
- 2. To emphasize the importance of normalization in databases. Discuss normalization techniques and relational algebra concepts which helps in understanding queries.
- 3. To demonstrate the use of Integrity constraints. Students will be able to understand and write various advanced queries.
- 4. Understanding the properties of transaction management and concurrency control methods.
- 5. Beginning with PL / SQL and learning Control Structures, Cursors, Procedures, Functions, Exceptions Handling and Packages.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Explain basic database concepts, data models, Unified Modeling language, schemas and instances. Compare file systems and database management system. Draw entity relationship diagrams using appropriate components.
- 2. Explain the importance of normalization in databases. Discuss normalization techniques and various types of joins. Explain the use of relational algebra concepts.
- 3. State and explain the use of Integrity constraints. Write SQL queries involving advanced concepts.
- 4. State and explain the properties of transaction management and concurrency control methods.
 - 5. Write PL / SQL programs using various Control Structures, Cursors, Procedures, Functions, Exceptions Handling and Packages.

Periods per week (1 Period is 50	5		
Credits	2		
	Hours	Marks	
Evaluation System	21/2	75	
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Introduction to Databases and Transactions	
	What is database system, purpose of database system, view of data, relational databases, database architecture, transaction management Data Models The importance of data models, Basic building blocks, Business rules, The evolution of data models, Degrees of data abstraction. Database Design, ER Diagram and Unified Modeling Language Database design and ER Model: overview, ER Model, Constraints, ER Diagrams, ERD Issues, weak entity sets, Codd's rules, Relational	12
	Schemas, Introduction to UML	
II	Relational database model:	
	Logical view of data, keys, integrity rules, Relational Database design: features of good relational database design, atomic domain and Normalization (1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF). Relational Algebra and Calculus Relational algebra: introduction, Selection and projection, set operations, renaming, Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Operators, grouping and ungrouping, relational comparison. Calculus: Tuple relational calculus, Domain relational Calculus, calculus vs algebra, computational capabilities	12
III	Constraints, Views and SQL Constraints, types of constrains, Integrity constraints, Views: Introduction to views, data independence, security, updates on views, comparison between tables and views SQL: data definition, aggregate function, Null Values, nested sub queries, Joined relations. Triggers.	12
IV	Transaction management and Concurrency	
	Control Transaction management: ACID properties, serializability and concurrency control, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping methods, optimistic methods, database recovery management.	12
V	PL-SQL : Beginning with PL / SQL, Identifiers and Keywords, Operators, Expressions, Sequences, Control Structures, Cursors and Transaction, Collections and composite data types, Procedures and Functions, Exceptions Handling, Packages, With Clause and Hierarchical Retrieval, Triggers.	12

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Database System and	A Silberschatz,	McGraw-	Fifth		
	Concepts	H Korth, S	Hill	Edition		
		Sudarshan				

2.	Database Systems	Rob Coronel	Cengage	Twelfth	
			Learning	Edition	
3.	Programming with PL/SQL	H. Dand, R. Patil	X –Team	First	2011
	for Beginners	and T. Sambare			
4.	Introduction to Database	C.J.Date	Pearson	First	2003
	System				

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – III
Course Name: Computer Oriented Statistical	Course Code:
Techniques	SBTTEC305

Course objectives:

- 1. Obtain an intuitive and working understanding of numerical methods for the basic problems of numerical analysis.
- 2. Formulate and solve linear programming problems and operations with nonlinear expressions
- 3. Gain experience in the implementation of numerical methods using a computer. Trace error in these methods and need to analyze and predict it.
- 4. Provide knowledge of various significant and fundamental concepts to inculcate in the students an adequate understanding of the application of Statistical Methods.
- 5. Demonstrate the concepts of numerical methods used for different applications
- 6. Ability to solve basic problems in probability and statistics

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- 1. Understanding and learning of numerical methods for numerical analysis
- 2. Understanding the implementation of numerical methods using a computer.
- 3. Learning of tracing errors in Numerical methods and analyze and predict it
- 4. Learning of application of Statistical methods
- 5. Discuss concepts of numerical methods used for different applications
- 6. To measure experimental result based on hypothesis using chi square techniques

To learn techniques to correlate the relationship between various variables

Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
	Hours	Marks	

Evaluation System	uation System Theory Examination		75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	The Mean, Median, Mode, and Other Measures of Central	
	Tendency: Index, or Subscript, Notation, Summation Notation, Averages, or Measures of Central Tendency, The Arithmetic Mean, The Weighted Arithmetic Mean, Properties of the Arithmetic Mean, The Arithmetic Mean Computed from Grouped Data, The Median, The Mode, The Empirical Relation Between the Mean, Median, and Mode, The Geometric Mean G, The Harmonic Mean H, The Relation Between the Arithmetic, Geometric, and Harmonic Means, The Root Mean Square, Quartiles, Deciles, and Percentiles, Software and Measures of Central Tendency. The Standard Deviation and Other Measures of Dispersion: Dispersion, or Variation, The Range, The Mean Deviation, The SemiInterquartile Range, The 10–90 Percentile Range, The Standard Deviation, The Variance, Short Methods for Computing the Standard Deviation, Properties of the Standard Deviation, Charlie's Check, Sheppard's Correction for Variance, Empirical Relations Between Measures of Dispersion, Absolute and Relative Dispersion; Coefficient of Variation, Standardized Variable; Standard Scores, Software and Measures of Dispersion. Introduction to R: Basic syntax, data types, variables, operators, control statements, R-functions, R –Vectors, R – lists, R Arrays.	
II	Moments, Skewness, and Kurtosis: Moments, Moments for Grouped Data, Relations Between Moments, Computation of Moments for Grouped Data, Charlie's Check and Sheppard's Corrections, Moments in Dimensionless Form, Skewness, Kurtosis, Population Moments, Skewness, and Kurtosis, Software Computation of Skewness and Kurtosis. Elementary Probability Theory: Definitions of Probability, Conditional Probability; Independent and Dependent Events, Mutually Exclusive Events, Probability Distributions, Mathematical Expectation, Relation Between Population, Sample Mean, and Variance, Combinatorial Analysis, Combinations, Stirling's Approximation to n!, Relation of Probability to Point Set Theory, Euler or Venn Diagrams and Probability. Elementary Sampling Theory: Sampling Theory, Random Samples and Random Numbers, Sampling With and Without Replacement,	
	Sampling Distributions, Sampling Distribution of Means, Sampling Distribution of Proportions, Sampling Distributions of Differences and Sums, Standard Errors, Software Demonstration of Elementary Sampling Theory.	

III	Statistical Estimation Theory: Estimation of Parameters, Unbiased	
	Estimates, Efficient Estimates, Point Estimates and Interval Estimates;	
	Their Reliability, Confidence-Interval Estimates of Population	
	Parameters, Probable Error. Statistical Decision Theory: Statistical Decisions, Statistical	
	Hypotheses, Tests of Hypotheses and Significance, or Decision Rules, Type I and Type II Errors, Level of Significance, Tests Involving Normal Distributions, Two-Tailed and One-Tailed Tests, Special Tests, Operating-Characteristic Curves; the Power of a Test, p-Values for Hypotheses Tests, Control Charts, Tests Involving Sample Differences, Tests Involving Binomial Distributions. Statistics in R: mean, median, mode, Normal Distribution, Binomial Distribution, Frequency Distribution in R.	12
IV	Small Sampling Theory: Small Samples, Student's t Distribution, Confidence Intervals, Tests of Hypotheses and Significance, The ChiSquare Distribution, Confidence Intervals for Sigma, Degrees of Freedom, The F Distribution. The Chi-Square Test: Observed and Theoretical Frequencies, Definition of chi-square, Significance Tests, The Chi-Square Test for Goodness of Fit, Contingency Tables, Yates' Correction for Continuity, Simple Formulas for Computing chi-square, Coefficient of Contingency, Correlation of Attributes, Additive Property of chi square.	12
V	Curve Fitting and the Method of Least Squares: Relationship Between Variables, Curve Fitting, Equations of Approximating Curves, Freehand Method of Curve Fitting, The Straight Line, The Method of Least Squares, The Least-Squares Line, Nonlinear Relationships, The Least-Squares Parabola, Regression, Applications to Time Series, Problems Involving More Than Two Variables. Correlation Theory: Correlation and Regression, Linear Correlation, Measures of Correlation, The Least-Squares Regression Lines, Standard Error of Estimate, Explained and Unexplained Variation, Coefficient of Correlation, Remarks Concerning the Correlation Coefficient, Product-Moment Formula for the Linear Correlation Coefficient, Short Computational Formulas, Regression Lines and the Linear Correlation Coefficient, Correlation of Time Series, Correlation of Attributes, Sampling Theory of Correlation, Sampling Theory of Regression.	12

Book	Books and References:					
Sr.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
No.						
1.	STATISTICS	Murray R.	McGRAW –	FOURTH		
		Spiegel, Larry	HILL			
		J. Stephens.	ITERNATIONAL			
2.	A Practical Approach	R.B. Patil,	SPD	1st	2017	
	using R	H.J. Dand and				
		R. Bhavsar				
3.	FUNDAMENTAL	S.C. GUPTA	SULTAN	ELEVENTH	2011	
	OF	and V.K.	CHAND and	REVISED		
	MATHEMATICAL	KAPOOR	SONS			
	STATISTICS					
4.	MATHEMATICAL	J.N. KAPUR	S. CHAND	TWENTIETH	2005	
	STATISTICS	and H.C.		REVISED		
		SAXENA				

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – III	
Course Name: Python Program	Course Code: SBTTECP301		
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	3		
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System Practical Examination		21/2	50
	Internal		

List of	Practical
1.	Write the program for the following:
a.	Create a program that asks the user to enter their name and their age. Print out a message addressed to them that tells them the year that they will turn 100 years old.
b.	Enter the number from the user and depending on whether the number is even or odd, print out an appropriate message to the user.
c.	Write a program to generate the Fibonacci series.
d.	Write a function that reverses the user defined value.
e.	Write a function to check the input value is Armstrong and also write the function for Palindrome.
f.	Write a recursive function to print the factorial for a given number.
2.	Write the program for the following:
a.	Write a function that takes a character (i.e. a string of length 1) and returns True if it is a vowel, False otherwise.
b.	Define a function that computes the <i>length</i> of a given list or string.
c.	Define a <i>procedure</i> _{histogram()} that takes a list of integers and prints a histogram to the screen. For example, histogram([4, 9, 7]) should print the following:

3.	Write the program for the following:
a.	A <i>pangram</i> is a sentence that contains all the letters of the English alphabet at least once, for example: <i>The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog</i> . Your task here is to write a function to check a sentence to see if it is a pangram or not.
b.	Take a list, say for example this one: $a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89]$ and write a program that prints out all the elements of the list that are less than 5.

4.	Write the program for the following:
a.	Write a program that takes two lists and returns True if they have at least one
h	Common member.
b.	Write a Python program to print a specified list after removing the 0th, 2nd, 4th and 5th elements.
c.	Write a Python program to clone or copy a list
5.	Write the program for the following:
a.	Write a Python script to sort (ascending and descending) a dictionary by value.
b.	Write a Python script to concatenate following dictionaries to create a new one. Sample Dictionary: dic1={1:10, 2:20} dic2={3:30, 4:40} dic3={5:50,6:60} Expected Result: {1: 10, 2: 20, 3: 30, 4: 40, 5: 50, 6: 60}
c.	Write a Python program to sum all the items in a dictionary.
6.	Write the program for the following:
a.	Write a Python program to read an entire text file.
b.	Write a Python program to append text to a file and display the text.
c.	Write a Python program to read last n lines of a file.
7.	Write the program for the following:
a.	Design a class that store the information of student and display the same
b.	Implement the concept of inheritance using python
c.	Create a class called Numbers, which has a single class attribute called MULTIPLIER, and a constructor which takes the parameters x and y (these should all be numbers). i.Write a method called add which returns the sum of the attributes x and y. ii.Write a class method called multiply, which takes a single number parameter a and returns the product of a and MULTIPLIER. iii. Write a static method called subtract, which takes two number parameters, b and c, and returns b - c. iv. Write a method called value which returns a tuple containing the values of x and y. Make this method into a property, and write a setter and a deleter for
8.	manipulating the values of x and y . Write the program for the following:

a.	Open a new file in IDLE ("New Window" in the "File" menu) and save it as geometry.py in the directory where you keep the files you create for this course. Then copy the functions you wrote for calculating volumes and areas in the "Control Flow and Functions" exercise into this file and save it.
	Now open a new file and save it in the same directory. You should now be able to import your own module like this:
	importgeometry
	Try and add print dir(geometry) to the file and run it.
	Now write a function pointyShapeVolume(x, y, squareBase) that calculates the volume of a square pyramid if squareBase is True and of a right circular cone if squareBase is False. x is the length of an edge on a square if squareBase is True and the radius of a circle when squareBase is False. y is the height of the object. First use squareBase to distinguish the cases. Use the circleArea and squareArea from the geometry module to calculate the base areas.
b.	Write a program to implement exception handling.
	was a page and a special and a
9.	Write the program for the following:
a.	Try to configure the widget with various options like: bg="red", family="times", size=18
b.	Try to change the widget type and configuration options to experiment with other widget types like Message, Button, Entry, Checkbutton, Radiobutton, Scale etc.
10.	Design the database applications for the following:
a.	Design a simple database application that stores the records and retrieve the same.
b.	Design a database application to search the specified record from the database.
c.	Design a database application to that allows the user to add, delete and modify the records.

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Think Python	Allen Downey	O'Reilly	1st	2012	
2.	An Introduction to	Jason	SPD	1st	2014	
	Computer Science using	Montojo,Jennifer				
	Python 3	Campbell,Paul				
		Gries				

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – III	
Course Name: Data Structures Practical		Course Code: SBTTECP302	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		3	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System Practical Examination		21/2	50
	Internal		

List of	Practical
1.	Implement the following:
a.	Write a program to store the elements in 1-D array and perform the operations like searching, sorting and reversing the elements. [Menu Driven]
b.	Read the two arrays from the user and merge them and display the elements in sorted order.[Menu Driven]
c.	Write a program to perform the Matrix addition, Multiplication and Transpose Operation. [Menu Driven]
2.	Implement the following for Linked List:
a.	Write a program to create a single linked list and display the node elements in reverse order.
b.	Write a program to search the elements in the linked list and display the same
c.	Write a program to create double linked list and sort the elements in the linked list.
3.	Implement the following for Stack:
a.	Write a program to implement the concept of Stack with Push, Pop, Display and Exit operations.
b.	Write a program to convert an infix expression to postfix and prefix conversion.
c.	Write a program to implement Tower of Hanoi problem.
4.	Implement the following for Queue:
a.	Write a program to implement the concept of Queue with Insert, Delete, Display and Exit operations.
b.	Write a program to implement the concept of Circular Queue
c.	Write a program to implement the concept of Deque.
5.	Implement the following sorting techniques:
a.	Write a program to implement bubble sort.
b.	Write a program to implement selection sort. Write a program to implement selection sort.
<u> </u>	write a program to implement selection sort.

c.	Write a program to implement insertion sort.
6.	Implement the following data structure techniques:
a.	Write a program to implement merge sort.
b.	Write a program to search the element using sequential search.
c.	Write a program to search the element using binary search.
7.	Implement the following data structure techniques:
a.	Write a program to create the tree and display the elements.
b.	Write a program to construct the binary tree.
c.	Write a program for inorder, postorder and preorder traversal of tree
8.	Implement the following data structure techniques:
a.	Write a program to insert the element into maximum heap.
b.	Write a program to insert the element into minimum heap.
9.	Implement the following data structure techniques:
a.	Write a program to implement the collision technique.
b.	Write a program to implement the concept of linear probing.
10	Implement the following data structure techniques:
a.	Write a program to generate the adjacency matrix.
b.	Write a program for shortest path diagram.

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python	Rance Necaise	Wiley	First	2016	
2.	Data Structures Using C and C++	Langsam, Augenstein, Tanenbaum	Pearson	First	2015	

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – III	
Course Name: Computer Networks		Course Code: SBTTECP303	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		3	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System Practical Examination		21/2	50
	Internal		

List of	Practical		
1.	IPv4 Addressing and Subnetting		
	a) Given an IP address and network mask, determine other information about the		
	IP address such as:		
	Network address		
	Network broadcast address		
	 Total number of host bits 		
	Number of hosts		
	b) Given an IP address and network mask, determine other information about the IP address such as:		
	 The subnet address of this subnet 		
	The broadcast address of this subnet		
	 The range of host addresses for this subnet 		
	 The maximum number of subnets for this subnet mask 		
	The number of hosts for each subnet		
	• The number of subnet bits		
	The number of this subnet		
2.	Use of ping and tracert / traceroute, ipconfig / ifconfig, route and arp utilities.		
3.	Configure IP static routing.		
4.	Configure IP routing using RIP.		
5.	Configuring Simple OSPF.		
6.	Configuring DHCP server and client.		
7.	Create virtual PC based network using virtualization software and virtual NIC.		
8.	Configuring DNS Server and client.		
9.	Configuring OSPF with multiple areas.		

10.	Use of Wireshark to scan and check the packet information of following protocols
	• HTTP
	• ICMP
	• TCP
	• SMTP
	• POP3

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – III	
Course Name: Database Management System		Course Code: SBTTECP304	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		3	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System Practical Examination		21/2	50
	Internal		

List of 1	st of Practical			
1.	SQL Statements – 1			
a.	Writing Basic SQL SELECT Statements			
b.	Restricting and Sorting Data			
c.	Single-Row Functions			
2.	SQL Statements – 2			
a.	Displaying Data from Multiple Tables			
b.	Aggregating Data Using Group Functions			
c.	Subqueries			
3.	Manipulating Data			
a.	Using INSERT statement			
b.	Using DELETE statement			
c.	Using UPDATE statement			
4.	Creating and Managing Tables			
a.	Creating and Managing Tables			
b.	Including Constraints			
5.	Creating and Managing other database objects			
a.	Creating Views			
b.	Other Database Objects			

c.	Controlling User Access
6.	Using SET operators, Date/Time Functions, GROUP BY clause (advanced features) and advanced subqueries
a.	Using SET Operators
b.	Datetime Functions
c.	Enhancements to the GROUP BY Clause
d.	Advanced Subqueries
7.	PL/SQL Basics
a.	Declaring Variables
b.	Writing Executable Statements
c.	Interacting with the Oracle Server
d.	Writing Control Structures
8.	Composite data types, cursors and exceptions.
a.	Working with Composite Data Types
b.	Writing Explicit Cursors
c.	Handling Exceptions
9.	Procedures and Functions
a.	Creating Procedures
b.	Creating Functions
c.	Managing Subprograms
d.	Creating Packages
10.	Creating Database Triggers

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Database System and	A Silberschatz,	McGraw-	Fifth		
	Concepts	H Korth, S	Hill	Edition		
		Sudarshan				
2.	Programming with PL/SQL	H.Dand, R.Patil	X –Team	First	2011	
	for Beginners	and T. Sambare				
3.	PL/SQL Programming	Ivan Bayross	BPB	First	2010	

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – III		
Course Name: Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques Practical		Course Code: SBTTECP305	
Periods per week 1 Period is 50 minutes Lectures per week			3
	Hours	Marks	
Evaluation System	21/2	50	

List of l	Practical
1.	Using R execute the basic commands, array, list and frames.
2.	Create a Matrix using R and Perform the operations addition, inverse, transpose and multiplication operations.
3.	Using D. Everyte the statistical functions, many median made spentiles range
3.	Using R Execute the statistical functions: mean, median, mode, quartiles, range, inter quartile range histogram
4.	Using R import the data from Excel / .CSV file and Perform the above functions.
5.	Using R import the data from Excel / .CSV file and Calculate the standard deviation, variance, co-variance.
6.	Using R import the data from Excel / .CSV file and draw the skewness.
7.	Import the data from Excel / .CSV and perform the hypothetical testing.
8.	Import the data from Excel / .CSV and perform the Chi-squared Test.
9.	Using R perform the binomial and normal distribution on the data.
10.	Perform the Linear Regression using R.
11.	Compute the Least squares means using R.
12.	Compute the Linear Least Square Regression

Book	Books and References:						
Sr.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year		
No.							

1	. A Practical Approach	R.B. Patil, H.J. Dand and	SPD	First	2011
	to R Tool	R. Dahake			
2	. STATISTICS	Murray R.	McGRAW	FOURTH	2006
		Spiegel, Larry J.	-HILL		
		Stephens.	INTERNA		
			TIONAL		

SEMESTER IV

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – IV
Course Name: Core Java	Course Code:
	SBTTEC401

Course objectives:

- 1. To introduce the basic concepts of Java and its data types.
- 2. To gain knowledge about the control flow statement, iterations and classes in Java.
- 3. To become familiar with concept of inheritance and packages.
- 4. To use enumerations, arrays, multithreading, exceptions and byte streams with ease.
- 5. To study concepts of event handling, abstract window toolkit and layouts.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Use the syntax and semantics of java programming language and basic concepts of OOP.
- 2. Implement the use of a variety of basic control structures including selection and repetition; classes and objects.
- 3. Develop reusable programs using the concepts of inheritance, polymorphism, interfaces and packages.
- 4. Apply the concepts of Array, Multithreading and Exception handling to develop efficient and error free codes.
- 5. Design event driven GUI and web related applications.

Periods per week (1 Period is 50	5		
Credits	2		
	Hours	Marks	
Evaluation System	Theory Examination	21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Introduction: History, architecture and its components, Java Class File, Java Runtime Environment, The Java Virtual Machine, JVM Components, The Java API, java platform, java development kit, Lambda Expressions, Methods References, Type Annotations, Method Parameter Reflection, setting the path environment variable, Java Compiler And Interpreter, java programs, java applications, main(), public, static, void, string[] args, statements, white space, case sensitivity, identifiers, keywords, comments, braces and code blocks, variables, variable name Data types: primitive data types, Object Reference Types, Strings, Auto boxing, operators and properties of operators, Arithmetic operators, assignment operators, increment and decrement operator, relational operator, logical operator, bitwise operator, conditional operator.	12

II	Control Flow Statements: The IfElse IfElse Statement, The	
	SwitchCase Statement	
	Iterations: The While Loop, The Do While Loop, The For Loop,	
	The Foreach Loop, Labeled Statements, The Break And Continue	
	Statements, The Return Statement	
	Classes: Types of Classes, Scope Rules, Access Modifier,	12
	Instantiating Objects From A Class, Initializing The Class Object And	
	Its Attributes, Class Methods, Accessing A Method, Method Returning	
	A Value, Method's Arguments, Method Overloading, Variable	
	Arguments [Varargs], Constructors, this Instance, super Instance,	
	Characteristics Of Members Of A Class, constants, this instance, static	
	fields of a class, static methods of a class, garbage collection.	
III	Inheritance: Derived Class Objects, Inheritance and Access Control,	
	Default Base Class Constructors, this and super keywords.	
	Abstract Classes And Interfaces, Abstract Classes, Abstract Methods, Interfaces, What Is An Interface? How Is An Interface Different From	
	An Abstract Class?, Multiple Inheritance, Default Implementation,	12
	Adding New Functionality, Method Implementation, Classes V/s	14
	Interfaces, Defining An Interface, Implementing Interfaces.	
	Packages: Creating Packages, Default Package, Importing Packages,	
	Using A Package.	
IV	Enumerations, Arrays: Two Dimensional Arrays, Multi-Dimensional	
	Arrays, Vectors, Adding Elements To A Vector, Accessing Vector	
	Elements, Searching For Elements In A Vector, Working With The Size	
	of The Vector.	
	Multithreading: the thread control methods, thread life cycle, the main	
	thread, creating a thread, extending the thread class. Exceptions: Catching Java Exceptions, Catching Run-Time	12
	Exceptions, Catching Java Exceptions, Catching Run-Time Exceptions, Handling Multiple Exceptions, The finally Clause, The	
	throws Clause	
	Byte streams: reading console input, writing console output, reading	
	file, writing file, writing binary data, reading binary data, getting started	
	with character streams, writing file, reading file	
V	Event Handling: Delegation Event Model, Events, Event classes,	
	Event listener interfaces, Using delegation event model, adapter classes	
	and inner classes.	
	Abstract Window Toolkit: Window Fundamentals, Component,	12
	Container, Panel, Window, Frame, Canvas. Components – Labels,	1#
	Buttons, Check Boxes, Radio Buttons, Choice Menus, Text Fields,	
	Text, Scrolling List, Scrollbars, Panels, Frames	
	Layouts: Flow Layout, Grid Layout, Border Layout, Card Layout.	

Books a	Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Core Java 8 for	Vaishali Shah, Sharnam	SPD	1st	2015	
	Beginners	Shah				

2.	Java: The Complete Reference	Herbert Schildt	McGraw Hill	9th	2014
3.	Murach's beginning Java with Net Beans	Joel Murach , Michael Urban	SPD	1st	2016
4.	Core Java, Volume I: Fundamentals	Hortsman	Pearson	9th	2013
5.	Core Java, Volume II: Advanced Features	Gary Cornell and Hortsman	Pearson	8th	2008
6.	Core Java: An Integrated Approach	R. Nageswara Rao	DreamTech	1st	2008

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – IV	
Course Name: Computer Forensics	Course Code: SBTTEC402	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5
Credits		2
 Course Objectives: To understand the procedures for identification, preservation, and extraction of electronic evidence, auditing and investigation of network and host system intrusions, analysis and documentation of information gathered. To prepare for all stages of an investigation – planning, detection, initial response and management interaction, investigate various media to collect evidence, report them in a way that would be acceptable in the court of law.		Marks

Course Outcome:

The degree ensures that graduates will be able to:

- 1. Conduct digital investigations that conform to accepted professional standards and are based on the investigative process: identification, preservation, examination, analysis, and reporting;
- 2. Identify and document potential security breaches of computer data that suggest violations of legal, ethical, moral, policy, and/or societal standards;
- 3. Apply a solid foundational grounding in computer networks, operating systems, file systems, hardware, and mobile devices to digital investigations and to the protection of computer network resources from unauthorized activity;
- 4. Access and critically evaluate relevant technical and legal information and emerging industry trends; and
- 5. Communicate effectively the results of a computer, network, and/or data forensic analysis verbally, in writing, and in presentations to both technical and lay audiences.

Evaluation System	Theory Examination	21/2	75
	Internal	-	25

Unit	Details	Lectures	
I	<u>Introduction to Cyber Crimes</u> :	12	
	Internet, hacking, ethical hacking, need of ethical hacking, Black Hat		
	vs. Gray Hat vs. White Hat, How is Ethical hacking different from		
	security auditing and digital forensics?, Virus, Obscenity, software		
	piracy, Data encryption, decryption, compression.		
	Computer Forensics and Investigations as a Profession:		
	Understanding Computer Forensics, Computer Forensics Versus Other		
	Related Disciplines, A Brief History of Computer Forensics,		
	Understanding Case Law, Developing Computer Forensics Resources,		
	Preparing for computer investigation, Understanding Law Enforcement		
	Agency Investigations, Following the Legal Processes, Understanding		
	Corporate Investigations, Establishing Company Policies, Displaying		
	Warning Banners, Designating an Authorized Requester, Conducting		
	Security Investigations, Distinguishing Personal and Company		
	Property.		

II Understanding Forensic Investigations:

Preparing a Computer Investigation, An Overview of a Computer Crime, An Overview of a Company Policy Violation, Taking a Systematic Approach, Assessing the Case, Planning Your Investigation, Securing Your Evidence.

Crime Scene Investigations:

Employee Termination Cases, Internet Abuse Investigations, E-mail Abuse Investigations, Attorney-Client Privilege Investigations, Media Leak Investigations, Interviews and Interrogations in High-Tech Investigations, Conducting an Investigation, Gathering the Evidence, Understanding Bit-stream Copies, Acquiring an Image of Evidence Media, Using ProDiscover Basic to Acquire a USB Drive.

III The Investigator's Office and Laboratory:

Understanding Forensics Lab Certification Requirements, Identifying Duties of the Lab Manager and Staff, Lab Budget Planning, Acquiring Certification and Training, Determining the Physical Requirements for a Computer Forensics Lab, Identifying Lab Security Needs, Conducting High-Risk Investigations, Using Evidence Containers, Overseeing Facility Maintenance, Considering Physical Security Needs, Auditing a Computer Forensics Lab, Using a Disaster Recovery Plan.

Data Acquisitions:

Understanding Storage Formats for Digital Evidence, Raw Format, Proprietary Formats, Advanced Forensic Format, Determining the Best Acquisition Method, Contingency Planning for Image Acquisitions, Performing RAID Data Acquisitions, Remote Acquisition with ProDiscover.

12

12

32

IV	Processing Crime and Incident Scenes:		
	Identifying Digital Evidence, Understanding Rules of Evidence,		
	Collecting Evidence in Private-Sector Incident Scenes, Processing Law		
	Enforcement Crime Scenes, Understanding Concepts and Terms Used		
	in Warrants, Preparing for a Search, Identifying the Nature of the Case,		
	Identifying the Type of Computing System, Determining Whether You		
	Can Seize a Computer, Obtaining a Detailed Description of the		
	Location, Determining Who Is in Charge, Using Additional Technical		
	Expertise, Determining the Tools You Need, Preparing the Investigation		
	Team, Securing a Computer Incident or Crime Scene, Seizing Digital		
	Evidence at the Scene, Preparing to Acquire Digital Evidence,		
	Processing an Incident or Crime Scene, Processing Data Centers with		
	RAID Systems, Using a Technical Advisor, Documenting Evidence in		
	the Lab, Processing and Handling Digital Evidence, Storing Digital		
	Evidence, Evidence Retention and Media Storage Needs, Documenting		
	Evidence.		
	Computer Forensics Tools:		
	Evaluating Computer Forensics Tool Needs, Types of Computer		
	Forensics Tools, Tasks Performed by Computer Forensics Tools, Tool		
	Comparisons, Computer Forensics Software Tools, Command-Line		
	Forensics Tools, Other GUI Forensics Tools, Computer Forensics		
	Hardware Tools, Forensic Workstations, Recommendations for a		
	Forensic Workstation, Validating and Testing Forensics Software,		
	Using National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Tools,		
	Using Validation Protocols.		
V	Cell Phone and Mobile Device Forensics:	12	
	Understanding Mobile Device Forensics, Mobile Phone Basics, Inside		
	Mobile Devices, Inside PDAs, Acquisition Procedures for Cell Phones		
	and Mobile Devices, Mobile Forensics Equipment.		
	<u>Internet Forensics</u> :		
	E-mail Forensics: e-mail analysis, e-mail headers and spoofing, laws		
	against e-mail Crime.		
	Browser Forensics: Cookie Storage and Analysis, Analyzing Cache		
	and temporary internet files, Web browsing activity reconstruction.		
	Investigation, Evidence presentation and Legal aspects of Digital		
	Forensics:		
	Authorization to collect the evidence, acquisition of evidence,		
	authentication of the evidence, analysis of the evidence, laws and		
	regulations, Information Technology Act, Presenting evidence in court.		

BOOKS/REFERENCES

TITLE	AUTHOR/s	EDITION	PUBLISHER
Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations	Bell Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart	Fourth	Cengage Learning

Computer Forensics:			
Computer Crime Scene	John R. Vacca	Second	Charles River Media
Investigation			
Incident Response and			
computer forensics	Kevin Mandia,	Second	Tata McGrawHill
	Chris Prosise		

B. Sc. ((Information Technology)		Semester -	- IV		
Course	ourse Name: Artificial Intelligence Course Code:		de: SBTTEC403			
D 1	1 /1 D · 1 · 50	• 4 >				
			5			
Credits	Credits		2			
	e objectives:		Hours	Marks		
1.	To present an overview of	_				
	(AI) principles and appr	oaches with				
	comprehensive and in-de	epth knowledge of AI				
	principles and technique	s by introducing AI's				
	fundamental problems, a	and the state-of-the-art				
	models and algorithms u	sed to undertake these				
	problems.					
2.	Gain a historical perspec	ctive of AI and its				
	foundations.					
3.	Develop a basic understa	anding of the building				
	blocks of AI as presented	l in terms of intelligent				
	agents: Search, Knowled	ge representation,				
	inference, logic, and lear	ning.				
Course	e Outcome:					
	Demonstrate fundamenta	l understanding of the				
history of artificial intelligence (AI) and its						
foundations.						
	Apply basic principles of	AI in solutions that				
	require problem solving,					
	knowledge representation	, - ,				
	To analyze the structures					
J.	selection of techniques re					
	reasoning, machine learn	<i>G</i> ,				
	processing.	, una muguage				
	To define and analyze fir	st order logic				
	•	O				
1 0 0						
Evolue	knowledge representation Evaluation System Theory Examination 2½					
Lyaida	nion bysicin	Internal	472	75 25		
Unit		Details		Lectures		
I	,					
	history, the state of art AI today.					
Intelligent Agents: agents and environment, good behavior, nature of						
environment, the structure of agents.						

II	Solving Problems by Searching: Problem solving agents, examples problems, searching for solutions, uninformed search, informed search strategies, heuristic functions. Beyond Classical Search: local search algorithms, searching with non-deterministic action.	12
III	Adversarial Search: Games, optimal decisions in games, stochastic games, partially observable games, state-of-the-are game programs. Logical Agents: Knowledge base agents, The Wumpus world, logic, propositional logic, propositional theorem proving, effective propositional model checking.	12
IV	First Order Logic: Syntax and semantics, using First Order Logic, Knowledge engineering in First Order Logic. Inference in First Order Logic: propositional vs. First Order, unification and lifting, forward and backward chaining, resolution.	12
V	Planning: Definition of Classical Planning, Algorithms for planning as state space search, planning graphs, analysis of planning approaches, Knowledge Representation: Categories and Objects, events, reasoning systems for categories, Internet shopping world	12

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach	Stuart Russel and Peter Norvig	Pearson	3rd	2015	
2.	A First Course in Artificial Intelligence	Deepak Khemani	ТМН	First	2017	
3.	Artificial Intelligence: A Rational Approach	Rahul Deva	Shroff publishers	1st	2018	
4.	Artificial Intelligence	Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight and Shivashankar Nair	ТМН	3rd	2009	
5.	Artificial Intelligence & Soft Computing for Beginners	Anandita Das Bhattacharjee	SPD	1st	2013	

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – IV
Course Name: IT Service Management	Course Code: SBTTEC404

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. student will be able to identify and illustrate basic terminology and concepts of ITSM
- 2. students will be able to describe the functions, roles and processes for each of the phases of the ITIL Service Lifecycle.
- 3. Apply a service-oriented approach to business systems design and operations in order that an organization is more efficient and effective.
- 4. State the activities under taken in service operation/explain, analyze, and critique the concept of IT Service Management taking an example
- 5. student will be able to identify the importance of process improvement and would be able to state the various steps in it.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Describe the importance of service management and associated 4p's giving example.
- 2. describe using suitable example the ITIL service lifecycle
- 3. state the activities undertaken in service design of an application.
- 4. state the process of incident reporting
- 5. taking a suitable example explain RACI model

Periods	Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes),		5	
Credits	Credits		2	
			Hours	Marks
Evaluat	ion System	Theory Examination	21/2	75
		Internal		25
Unit		Details		Lectures
I				

TT	Sarvice Design: Fundamentals Service Design Principles: Goals	
II	Service Design: Fundamentals, Service Design Principles: Goals, Balanced Design, Identifying Service requirements, identifying and documenting business requirements and drivers, Design activities, Design aspects, Subsequent design activities, Design constraints, Service oriented architecture, Business Service Management, Service Design Models Service Design Processes: Service Catalogue Management, Service Level Management, Capacity Management, Availability Management,	12
	IT Service Continuity Management, Information Security Management, Supplier Management	
III	Service Transition: Fundamentals, Service Transition Principles: Principles Supporting Service Transition, Policies for Service Transition Service Transition Processes: Transition planning and support, Change Management, Service Asses Configuration Management, Service and Deployment Management, Service Validation and Testing, Evaluation, Knowledge Management.	12
IV	Service Operation: Fundamentals, Service Operation Principles: Functions, groups, teams, departments and divisions, Achieving balance in service operations, Providing service, Operation staff involvement in service design and service transition, Operational Health, Communication, Documentation Service Operation Processes: Event Management, Incident Management, Request fulfilment, Problem Management, Access Management, Operational activities of processes covered in other lifecycle phases.	12
V	Continual Service Improvement(CSI) Principles: CSI Approach, CSI and organizational change, Ownership, CSI register, External and Internal drivers, Service level management, Knowledge management, The Deming cycle, Service Measurement, IT governance, Frameworks, models, standards and quality Systems, CSI inputs and outputs. CSI Process: The seven step improvement process. CSI Methods and Techniques: Methods and techniques, Assessments, benchmarking, Service Measurement, Metrics, Return on Investment, Service reporting, CSI and other service management processes, Organising for CSI: Organisational development, Functions, roles, Customer Engagement, Responsibility model - RACI, Competence and training. Implementing CSI: Critical Considerations for implementing CSI, The start, Governance, CSI and organisational change, Communication Strategy and Plan	12
Books	and References:	

Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	ITIL v3 Foundation				2009
	Complete Certification				
	Kit				
2.	ITIL v3 Service Strategy		OGC/TSO		
3.	ITIL v3 Service		OGC/TSO		
	Transition				
4.	ITIL v3 Service		OGC/TSO		
	Operation				
5.	ITIL Continual Service		TSO	2011	2011
	Improvement				

B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – IV
Course Name: Computer Graphics and Animation	Course Code: SBTTEC405

Course objectives:

- 1. To learn the fundamentals of computer graphics and scan conversion algorithms.
- 2. To learn Geometrical Transformations in 2-Dimensional and 3-Dimensional perspectives.
- 3. To learn stages in 3D viewing, Canonical View Volume, Radiometry, Colorimetry, Color Spaces, Color Appearance
- 4. To learn visible-surface determination algorithms, Curve Representation, Bezier Curves, B-spline Curves.
- 5. To learn Principles of Animation, Key framing, Image, Digital image file formats, Image compression standard

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Explore the structure of an interactive computer graphics system, and the separation of system components.
- 2. Apply the concept of 2D and 3D geometrical transformations
- 3. Implement the knowledge of viewing in 3D, Canonical View Volume, Radiometry, Photometry.
- 4. Get familiar with Visible-Surface Determination algorithm and Curve Representation.
- 5. Get accustomed to Principles of Animation, Image Manipulation and Storage.

Periods per week (1 Period is		5		
Credits		2		
	Hours	Marks		
Evaluation System	Theory Examination	21/2	75	
	Internal		25	

Unit	Details	Lectures		
I	Introduction to Computer Graphics:			
	Overview of Computer Graphics, Computer Graphics Application and			
	Software, Description of some graphics devices, Input Devices for			
	Operator Interaction, Active and Passive Graphics Devices, Display			
	Technologies, Storage Tube Graphics Displays, Calligraphic Refresh			
	Graphics Displays, Raster Refresh (Raster-Scan) Graphics Displays,			
	Cathode Ray Tube Basics, Color CRT Raster Scan Basics, Video			
	Basics, The Video Controller, Random-Scan Display Processor, LCD			
	displays.			
	Scan conversion – Digital Differential Analyzer (DDA) algorithm,			
	Bresenhams' Line drawing algorithm. Bresenhams' method of Circle			
	drawing, Midpoint Circle Algorithm, Midpoint Ellipse Algorithm,			
	Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point ordering and			
	clipping lines, Scan Converting Circles, Clipping Lines algorithms-			

Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, Clipping Polygons,
problem with multiple components.

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II	Two-Dimensional Transformations:	
	Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Conventions, 2D	
	Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix	
	Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous	
	Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined	
	Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The	
	Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary	
	Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line, A Geometric	
	Interpretation of Homogeneous Coordinates, The Window-toViewport Transformations.	
	Three-Dimensional Transformations:	12
	Three-Dimensional Scaling, Three-Dimensional Shearing,	
	ThreeDimensional Rotation, Three-Dimensional Reflection,	
	ThreeDimensional Translation, Multiple Transformation, Rotation	
	about an Arbitrary Axis in Space, Reflection through an Arbitrary	
	Plane, Matrix Representation of 3D Transformations, Composition of	
	3D Transformations, Affine and Perspective Geometry, Perspective	
	Transformations, Techniques for Generating Perspective Views,	
	Vanishing Points, the Perspective Geometry and camera models,	
	Orthographic Projections, Axonometric Projections, Oblique	
	Projections, View volumes for projections.	
III	Viewing in 3D	
	Stages in 3D viewing, Canonical View Volume (CVV), Specifying an	
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	Arbitrary 3D View, Examples of 3D Viewing, The Mathematics of	
	Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for	
	Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for projections and viewing, Coordinate Systems and matrices, camera	12
	Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for projections and viewing, Coordinate Systems and matrices, camera model and viewing pyramid.	12
	Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for projections and viewing, Coordinate Systems and matrices, camera model and viewing pyramid. Light: Radiometry, Transport, Equation, Photometry	12
	Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for projections and viewing, Coordinate Systems and matrices, camera model and viewing pyramid. Light: Radiometry, Transport, Equation, Photometry Color: Colorimetry, Color Spaces, Chromatic Adaptation, Color	12
	Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for projections and viewing, Coordinate Systems and matrices, camera model and viewing pyramid. Light: Radiometry, Transport, Equation, Photometry Color: Colorimetry, Color Spaces, Chromatic Adaptation, Color Appearance	12
IV	Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for projections and viewing, Coordinate Systems and matrices, camera model and viewing pyramid. Light: Radiometry, Transport, Equation, Photometry Color: Colorimetry, Color Spaces, Chromatic Adaptation, Color Appearance Visible-Surface Determination:	12
IV	Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for projections and viewing, Coordinate Systems and matrices, camera model and viewing pyramid. Light: Radiometry, Transport, Equation, Photometry Color: Colorimetry, Color Spaces, Chromatic Adaptation, Color Appearance Visible-Surface Determination: Techniques for efficient Visible-Surface Algorithms, Categories of	12
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	Curve Subdivision, Parametric Cubic Curves, Quadric Surfaces. Bezier	
	Surfaces.	
V	Computer Animation:	
	Principles of Animation, Key framing, Deformations, Character	
	Animation, Physics-Based Animation, Procedural Techniques, Groups	
	of Objects.	
	Image Manipulation and Storage:	12
	What is an Image? Digital image file formats, Image compression	
	standard – JPEG, Image Processing - Digital image enhancement,	
	contrast stretching, Histogram Equalization, smoothing and median	
	Filtering.	

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Computer Graphics -	J. D. Foley, A. Van	Pearson			
	Principles and	Dam, S. K. Feiner		2nd		
	Practice	and J. F. Hughes				
2.	Steve Marschner,	Fundamentals of	CRC press	4th	2016	
	Peter Shirley	Computer Graphics		4th		
3.	Computer Graphics	Hearn, Baker	Pearson	2nd		
4.	Principles of	William M.	TMH	2nd		
	Interactive Computer	Newman and Robert		2110		
	Graphics	F. Sproull				
5.	Mathematical	D. F. Rogers, J. A.	TMH	2 _{nd}		
	Elements for CG	Adams		∠na		

		Semester	–IV
B. Sc. (Information Technology))		
Course Name: Core Java Practi	cal	Course C	ode:
		SBTTEC	P401
Periods per week Lectures	per week		3
1 Period is 50 minutes			
		Hours	Marks

Evaluation System	Practical Examination	21/2	50

List of	Practical
1.	Java Basics
a.	Write a Java program that takes a number as input and prints its multiplication table upto 10.
b.	Write a Java program to display the following pattern.

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c.	Write a Java program to print the area and perimeter of a circle.
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2.	Use of Operators
a.	Write a Java program to add two binary numbers.
b.	Write a Java program to convert a decimal number to binary number and vice
	versa.
c.	Write a Java program to reverse a string.
3.	Java Data Types
a.	Write a Java program to count the letters, spaces, numbers and other characters of an input string.
b.	Implement a Java function that calculates the sum of digits for a given char array consisting of the digits '0' to '9'. The function should return the digit sum as a long value.
c.	Find the smallest and largest element from the array
4.	Methods and Constructors
a.	Designed a class SortData that contains the method asec() and desc().
b.	Designed a class that demonstrates the use of constructor and destructor.
c.	Write a java program to demonstrate the implementation of abstract class.
5.	Inheritance
a.	Write a java program to implement single level inheritance.
b.	Write a java program to implement method overriding
c.	Write a java program to implement multiple inheritance.
6.	Packages and Arrays
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a.	Create a package, Add the necessary classes and import the package in java class.
b.	Write a java program to add two matrices and print the resultant matrix.
c.	Write a java program for multiplying two matrices and print the product for the
	same.
7.	Vectors and Multithreading
a.	Write a java program to implement the vectors.
b.	Write a java program to implement thread life cycle.
c.	Write a java program to implement multithreading.
8.	File Handling
a.	Write a java program to open a file and display the contents in the console window.
b.	Write a java program to copy the contents from one file to other file.
c.	Write a java program to read the student data from user and store it in the file.
9.	GUI and Exception Handling
a.	Design a AWT program to print the factorial for an input value.
b.	Design an AWT program to perform various string operations like reverse string,
	string concatenation etc.
c.	Write a java program to implement exception handling.
10.	0 0
a.	Design an AWT application that contains the interface to add student information
	and display the same.
b.	Design a calculator based on AWT application.
c.	Design an AWT application to generate result marks sheet.

Books an	Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Core Java 8 for Beginners	Vaishali Shah, Sharnam Shah	SPD	1st	2015	
2.	Java: The Complete Reference	Herbert Schildt	McGraw Hill	9th	2014	
3.	Murach's beginning Java with Net Beans	Joel Murach , Michael Urban	SPD	1st	2016	
4.	Core Java, Volume I: Fundamentals	Hortsman	Pearson	9th	2013	
5.	Core Java, Volume II: Advanced Features	Gary Cornell and Hortsman	Pearson	8th	2008	
6.	Core Java: An Integrated Approach	R. Nageswara Rao	DreamTech	1st	2008	

	Semester –IV		
B. Sc. (Information Technology)	B. Sc. (Information Technology)		
Course Name: Computer Forensics Practicals		Course Code:	
	SBTTEC	P402	
Periods per week Lectures	3		
1 Period is 50 minutes			
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System	Practical Examination	2½ 50	

PRACTICALS:

- 1. File System Analysis using the Sleuth Kit.
- 2. Using Data Acquisition tools.
- 3. Using Forensic Toolkit (FTK).
- 4. Using File Recovery tools.
- 5. Forensic investigation using EnCase.
- 6. Using Steganography tools.
- 7. Using Password cracking tools.
- 8. Using Log Capturing and Analysis tools.
- 9. Using Traffic Capturing and Analysis tools.
- 10. Using Wireless Forensics tools.
- 11. Using Web attack detection tools.
- 12. Using Email Forensic tools.
- 13. Using Mobile Forensic tools.
- 14. Capturing and analyzing network packets using Wireshark.
- 15. Analyze the packets provided in lab and solve the questions using Wireshark

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – IV	
Course Name: Artificial Intelligence Practical		Course Code: SBTTECP403	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		3	
Credits			2
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System	Practical Examination	21/2	50
	Internal		

Practic No	cal	Details	
1	a	Write a program to implement depth first search algorithm.	
	b	Write a program to implement breadth first search algorithm.	
2	a	Write a program to simulate 4-Queen / N-Queen problem.	

		<u></u>	
	b	Write a program to solve tower of Hanoi problem.	
3	a	Write a program to implement alpha beta search.	
	b	Write a program for Hill climbing problem.	
4	a	Write a program to implement A* algorithm.	
	b	Write a program to implement AO* algorithm.	
5	a	Write a program to solve water jug problem.	
	b	Design the simulation of tic – tac – toe game using min-max algorithm.	
6	a	Write a program to solve Missionaries and Cannibals problem.	
	b	Design an application to simulate number puzzle problem.	
7	a	Write a program to shuffle Deck of cards.	
	b	Solve traveling salesman problem using artificial intelligence technique.	
8	a	Solve the block of World problem.	
	b	Solve constraint satisfaction problem	
9	a	Derive the expressions based on Associative law	
	b	Derive the expressions based on Distributive law	
10	a	Write a program to derive the predicate.	
		(for e.g.: Sachin is batsman, batsman is cricketer) - > Sachin is Cricketer.	
	b	Write a program which contains three predicates: male, female, parent. Make	
		rules for following family relations: father, mother,	
		grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew and	
		niece, cousin. Question:	
		i. Draw Family Tree.	
		ii. Define: Clauses, Facts, Predicates and Rules with conjunction and	
		disjunction	

The practicals can be implemented in C / C++ / Java/ Python / R /Prolog / LISP or any other language

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – IV		
Course Name: Advanced Mobile Programming Practical		Course Code: SBTTECP404		
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		3		
Credits			2	
			Hours	Marks
Evaluation System		Practical Examination	21/2	50
		Internal		
Practical	Details			
No				
1	Introduction to Androi	d, Introduction to Android S	tudio IDE,	Application
	Fundamentals: Creating a Project, Android Components, Activities, Services, Content			
	Providers, Broadcast Receivers, Interface overview, Creating Android Virtual device,			
	USB debugging mode, Android Application Overview. Simple "Hello World"			
	program.			

2	Programming Resources
	Android Resources: (Color, Theme, String, Drawable, Dimension, Image),
3	Programming Activities and fragments
	Activity Life Cycle, Activity methods, Multiple Activities, Life Cycle of fragments and multiple fragments.
4	Programs related to different Layouts
	Coordinate, Linear, Relative, Table, Absolute, Frame, List View, Grid View.
5	Programming UI elements
	AppBar, Fragments, UI Components
6	Programming menus, dialog, dialog fragments
7	Programs on Intents, Events, Listeners and Adapters
	The Android Intent Class, Using Events and Event Listeners
8	Programs on Services, notification and broadcast receivers
9	Database Programming with SQLite
10	Programming threads, handles and asynchronized programs
11	Programming Media API and Telephone API
12	Programming Security and permissions

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – IV	
Course Name: Computer Graphics and Animation		Course Code: SBTTECP405	
Periods per week 1 Period is 50 minutes		3	
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System	Practical Examination	21/2	50

List of	List of Practical		
1.	Solve the following:		
a.	Study and enlist the basic functions used for graphics in C / C++ / Python language.		
	Give an example for each of them.		

b.	Draw a co-ordinate axis at the center of the screen.					
2.	Solve the following:					
a.	Divide your screen into four region, draw circle, rectangle, ellipse and half ellipse i					
	each region with appropriate message.					
b.	Draw a simple hut on the screen.					
3.						
3.	Draw the following basic shapes in the center of the screen:					
	i. Circle ii. Rectangle iii. Square iv. Concentric Circles v. Ellipse vi. Line					
4.	Solve the following:					
a.	Develop the program for DDA Line drawing algorithm.					
b.	Develop the program for Bresenham's Line drawing algorithm.					
5.	Solve the following:					
a.	Develop the program for the mid-point circle drawing algorithm.					
b.	Develop the program for the mid-point ellipse drawing algorithm.					
6.	Solve the following:					
a.	Write a program to implement 2D scaling.					
b.	Write a program to perform 2D translation					
7.	Solve the following:					
a.	Perform 2D Rotation on a given object.					
b.	Program to create a house like figure and perform the following operations.					
	i.Scaling about the origin followed by translation. ii. Scaling with reference					
	to an arbitrary point. iii. Reflect about the line $y = mx + c$.					
	reciper about the line y = linx + c.					
8.	Solve the following:					
a.	Write a program to implement Cohen-Sutherland clipping.					
b.	Write a program to implement Liang - Barsky Line Clipping Algorithm					
9.	Solve the following:					
a.	Write a program to fill a circle using Flood Fill Algorithm.					
b.	Write a program to fill a circle using Boundary Fill Algorithm.					
10.	0. Solve the following:					
a.	Develop a simple text screen saver using graphics functions.					
b.	Perform smiling face animation using graphic functions.					
	Draw the moving car on the screen.					

Books and References:							
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year		
1.	Computer Graphics - Principles and Practice	J. D. Foley, A. Van Dam, S. K. Feiner and J. F. Hughes	Pearson Education	Second Edition			
2.	Steve Marschner, Peter Shirley	Fundamentals of Computer Graphics	CRC press	Fourth Edition	2016		
3.	Computer Graphics	Hearn, Baker	Pearson Education	Second			
4.	Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics	William M. Newman and Robert F. Sproull	Tata McGraw Hill	Second			